

TEUTONS MAKE FRESH ATTACK AT THE FRENCH VERDUN LINE

Official Reports From Paris Admit That the Poilus Have Been Forced Out of the Advanced Trenches On the Famed Hill

ELSEWHERE CROWN PRINCE AGAIN IS BEATEN BACK

Germany's News Agency Announces That "Our Troops Have Regained Most of Ground Abandoned Early This Month"

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, January 27.—The long expected renewal of the German thrust at Verdun trenches of the French began yesterday, after a period of more than forty-eight hours of the heaviest kind of bombardment. The attacks were launched in the vicinity of the famous Deadman Hill, and according to the semi-official reports sent out by the Overseas Wireless Agency in Berlin last night, were at least partially successful. This statement was confirmed in part by the reports coming from the French capital, which speak of the fierce attacks and the penetrating of some of the Allied advance trenches on Hill 304.

GERMAN ADVANCES
The report from Paris says that a new offensive was begun by the Germans at Verdun yesterday. After heavy shelling they made a series of charges, penetrating some advanced trenches on Hill 304. Attacks were also made between Avocourt and Dead Man's hill, scene of many famous and bloody battles, but the Teutons were repulsed with severe losses. The Overseas agency last night sent out a despatch from Berlin dealing with the battle that has been raging southwest of Riga on both banks of the Aa River. Here, according to this account the Teutons advanced over a front of six miles on both banks of the stream, driving the Slavs back before them and capturing a large number of prisoners.

This counter thrust of the German commanders appears to have been entirely unexpected by the Russians, and the agency reports that the Germans have "now regained most of the ground which the Germans were compelled to relinquish during the battle in the early part of this month."

FRENCHMEN CAPTURED
The German official accounts of Thursday announced an increase in the fighting upon the Somme and Ancre fronts. This statement says that "the army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: Between the Ancre and the Somme and in Artois and on the Aisne front fighting activity and other hostile actions temporarily increased."

"Repeated clashes of reconnoitering detachments in forefield of positions. Southeast of Berry-aux-Bac and northwest of Rheims the Prussian and Saxon thrusting detachments entered French trenches and returned after violent fighting with prisoners, an officer and thirty men, and two machine guns."

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD MOVE PUZZLES BRITON

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 27.—Speaking at the annual meeting of the London City and Midland Bank here yesterday Edward Holden, one of the most prominent of British financiers and bankers declared that this country has exported \$22 million pounds in gold to the United States in the two and one-half years of war that ended with the closing of 1916. This is outside of 400,000,000 pounds that has been loaned since the war began, and 423 million pounds borrowed there by Britain's Allies. In concluding he said that it was difficult to understand just what the move was back of the recent action of the federal reserve board of the United States in placing difficulties in the way of further loans.

GREAT RADIO STATION IS OPENED Federal Wireless Announces Big Event

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN DIEGO, January 27.—On schedule time and without a hitch the government's largest and most powerful station was opened here yesterday when Mayor Edwin Capps exchanged greetings with Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

The big station, which is located at Chollas Heights, just outside the city and far enough inland to be safe from bombardment, was erected at a cost of \$300,000 and required nearly two years to build. The range of the powerful wireless station is 12,000 miles and is in charge of Lieut. John Ashley.

The largest radio station in the world and recently completed by the Federal Telegraph Company of San Francisco was opened yesterday morning at eleven o'clock strictly on schedule time near San Diego.

Mayor Capps and the president of the San Diego chamber of commerce exchanged messages with Secretary Daniels and Congressman Kettner of San Diego. The opening was attended by over one hundred people and messages sent and received were publicly read.

The opening of the station was in charge of Lieut. S. C. Hooper who is in charge of the radio department of the navy, by Doctor Austin of the bureau of standards of Washington, and other high naval officials who were all greatly pleased at the successful work of the station.

The Federal Telegraph Company was presented by H. P. Veeder, vice-president and general manager and L. F. Fuller, chief electrical engineer, who designed and installed the station.

At the close of the test Mr. Veeder sent a message to Secretary Daniels conveying his felicitations on the successful opening test.

The San Diego station is the first of a chain of powerful stations being furnished by the Federal Telegraph Company for the government to establish communication between the transoceanic possessions of the United States and Washington. Other stations, to be installed shortly, are at Pearl Harbor, Guam, and Cavite on Manila bay.

The Pearl Harbor and Cavite stations will be more powerful than the one successfully installed at San Diego, and will be capable of communicating direct with the powerful naval radio station located at Arlington, Virginia.

GERMAN CRUISER SHELLS COAST OF EAST ENGLAND

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 26.—Another early-morning raid was made today by a German cruiser which suddenly appeared off the Suffolk coast, steaming at high speed, and rained shells on the land as she passed.

At once defense guns began to boom and wireless messages were hurried out to British patrol steamers, but before they arrived on the scene the fleet German, still unidentified, had disappeared.

Only slight damage was done by the shells and there were no casualties. The missiles did not fall in thickly-settled spots.

**PREACHER SMITH
NOW WITHDRAWS**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, January 26.—Rev. Paul Smith, pastor of the Central Methodist Episcopal Church and one of the central figures in the sensational scene at his church yesterday when he was visited by 500 women habitués of the "red-light" district, today withdrew from the vice crusade which he started two weeks ago.

The crusade, culminating in the scene of yesterday and ending San Francisco leaders to action, has reached a point, he says, where his speech and writings are no longer necessary. The mass meeting calling on the mayor to appoint a vice commission has enlisted the efforts of the community now, he says.

"My work is done for the time," he told the press today. "I will keep check and see that the laws are obeyed."

**BRITISH WORKINGMEN
APPROVE WILSON PLAN**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
MANCHESTER, January 26.—The labor delegates in convention here today unanimously passed a resolution urging that British representatives when named for the conference on peace, if negotiations are started, be instructed to work for the plan suggested by President Wilson in his senate address on the League of Nations.

**NO CEREMONIES FOR
EMPEROR'S BIRTHDAY**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, January 27.—The fifty-eighth birthday of the Emperor will be passed without any popular celebration throughout the empire. The only official observance of the day will be the anniversary of the rulers of the smaller kingdoms of Germany and Denmark and Austrian statesmen at the German army headquarters.

**HUNDREDS KILLED BY
MALAYAN EARTHQUAKE**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 27.—According to an official report received here yesterday from The Hague through the Reuters News Agency, 550 persons were killed in the earthquake which rocked the island of Bali, Malay, Archipelago, on Wednesday. Early reports said that fifty had been killed and many injured while thousands had been made homeless.

**WOMAN WEAKENED BY
HER HUNGER STRIKE**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, January 26.—Mrs. Ethel Byrne, serving a prison sentence here for circulating literature on the birth control movement, is gradually weakening, according to a physician's bulletin today. Her "hunger strike" has now lasted for ninety hours. She refuses to eat so long as she is imprisoned.

**BISHOP IN FAVOR OF
UNIVERSAL TRAINING**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, January 26.—Universal military training in the United States will not make for "militarism," Bishop Fallows of Chicago, the champion of the famous "Iron Brigade" in the Civil War, told the senate committee today considering universal military training legislation.

**FRENCH AVIATOR BRINGS
DOWN TWENTY-EIGHTH Foe**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, January 26.—Lieutenant Guymer of the aviation corps today brought down his twenty-eighth German machine.

GROUP.
Every young child is susceptible to diphtheria. Don't wait until this dreadful disease attacks your little one before you prepare for it. It comes in the night when chemists' shops are usually closed, and this alone should be a warning. Get and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on hand. It never fails, acts quickly and is absolutely harmless. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

MILLIONS TO BE EXPENDED ON REFINERY AT CROCKETT

Announcement Made By George M. Rolph, After Extended Conferences With Officials of the Sugar Factors Company Here

WORK ON ENLARGEMENT OF PLANT BEGINS MONDAY

Factory To Be Enlarged So As To Turn Out An Increase of Four Hundred Tons Daily; Improvements To Cost \$2,500,000

Enlargement of the California and Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company plant at Crockett, California, to increase the capacity of the refinery from one hundred to thirteen hundred tons of raw sugar daily, at a cost of approximately \$2,500,000, has been authorized by the Sugar Factors Company, Ltd.

Construction work on the buildings, machinery and warehouses to be added to the present plant will begin at once. Orders to start the program of building were sent to San Francisco yesterday by George M. Rolph, general manager of the California and Hawaiian company, who has been in Honolulu Tuesday conferring with the directors of the factors company on these plans.

At the same time the plans of the directors of the factors company were made public in an announcement from the office of A. M. Nowell, manager.

Decision Announced
The decision of the Sugar Factors Company to make an expenditure of \$2,500,000 to increase the capacity of the Crockett refinery was reached after two long conferences Wednesday and Thursday with Mr. Rolph, who came from San Francisco on the Mauna, especially for these conferences.

Enlargement of the plant was recommended by Mr. Rolph who advised that the daily capacity be increased to thirteen hundred tons of sugar per day. The present capacity of the refinery is nine hundred tons, a figure representing steady growth and development on the plant since 1906, when the Crockett refinery was opened under the ownership of Hawaiian planters. When Mr. Rolph took charge of the refinery more than ten years ago, the capacity of the plant was four hundred and fifty tons a day.

Heralds Big Expansion
The announcement of plans to bring the capacity of the Crockett refinery up to thirteen hundred tons heralds for the Hawaiian sugar industry the biggest single program of expansion, of a series of similar progressive moves, in many months.

It is estimated that the improvements to the Crockett refinery will take two years to complete, but when the big job is completed the Hawaiian sugar industry will stand on an even firmer footing than ever before.

It will mean that the Sugar Factors Company, the mutual marketing agency representing some thirty-five Hawaiian plantations and handling about four-fifths of the total raw sugar output of the islands, will be able to market, refine and sell approximately sixty per cent of the annual Hawaiian raw sugar production at their own refinery, the "Hawaiian" refinery at Crockett.

About half of the raw sugar shipped through the Sugar Factors Company is now handled at Crockett. With the increase in the capacity of the plant by forty-seven per cent, it is estimated that the company's sugar can be refined by the California and Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company, or about three-fifths of the total Hawaiian output. The sugar crop of 1917 is estimated at about 500,000 tons.

More Increases Planned
That the long record of steady growth and improvement of the Crockett refinery since taken over by Hawaiian interests will not stop with the present program of expansion is evident by an examination of the plans. The ultimate aim is to increase the capacity of the refinery to two thousand tons daily. Expansion has been the aim of the factors company for many years and the increase in capacity now planned is but a step in the program of development.

The plans for the enlargement of the refinery were drawn up and ready for the beginning of construction as far back as 1913. These call for the ultimate increase of capacity to two thousand tons of sugar a day, and as the whole plant has been modeled to fit into such a comprehensive scheme no delay will be experienced and workmen will be able to turn the first spade of earth for the new construction Monday.

The immense benefits that will be derived by Hawaiian planters by expansion of the refinery to the extent of two and half million dollars of new construction consists not only in the advantage of control of the marketing and refining of a larger part of their output. There is a direct financial gain derived that will show immediate effect.

Shipment Will Benefit
The difference in freight rates between shipment to New York and shipment to San Francisco will be the bene-

YEE YO KEUK HANGED FOR MURDER OF CHEE WON YER

For Yee Yo Keuk the interval from December 9, 1915, to January 26, 1917, was long. On the first day he was captured and on the second he was hanged. He journeyed far during that time. From a gunman, courageous to run from a door into the mouths of revolvers spitting bullets, himself shooting as he ran, he changed into a fragment of a bad man. The nerve that carried him in the heat of passion and of action died when he faced the slow judicial certainty of the rope. Perhaps his hanging in this Territory has epitomized horror as did his. Certainly none under High Sheriff Jarrett has approached it.

Yee Yo Keuk died a coward. He was clothed by force, bound by force and removed from his cell by force. His screams and cries died only when he died. Sheriff Jarrett said, on January 13, that he feared Yee would weaken but even the fears of the sheriff were nothing compared with the reality. Yee Yo Keuk died a consummate coward. When prison officials stepped from the scaffold their faces were running with cold sweat—not the sweat of men who have labored, but the sweat of men sorely shaken.

Long before the reading of the death warrant, while the minute hand of the clock wavered between seven and eight, the hollow voice of the condemned man came from his cell. He prayed; but most he exclaimed against something. Asks Last For Clothing

Of all the subjects of speech a man about to die might have, of all that might come to him—scenes from childhood, memories, recollections of crime—Yee chose most of all to speak of something strangely at the heart of a Korean, or perhaps of any man condemned to die, for, as Pak Chi Sur, hanged in 1915, asked for clothing in the hour of death, so did Yee Yo Keuk ask for it. And it was one of the strangest circumstances imaginable that should have been bought and sent to him by Chief of Detectives Arthur McDuffie, who hunted him down.

It was against this clothing that Yee exclaimed. He spurned the garments he had worn at his trial. He had other clothing, he said, and Sheriff Jarrett tried to find it. When Mr. McDuffie was asked by telephone whether he knew of it he hastened downtown and sent a new black suit. This did not satisfy. "Not my coat, this. This is not my coat!" came the words from the cell.

And, after Dr. Syngman Rhee had departed and after S. W. Robley of the Y. M. C. A. and Tai Lung Lee, secretary of the Korean Y. M. C. A., arrived.

**VILLISTAS ON HEELS
OF PERSHING'S MEN**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
EL PASO, January 26.—A large force of Villistas has already occupied El Valle, just abandoned by General Pershing's punitive expedition, according to reliable information received here.

They are preparing to occupy Casas Grandes as soon as Pershing's men are out of Colonia Dublan on the northward march, the Villistas following close on the heels of the Americans.

POLICY REMAINS UNCHANGED
WASHINGTON, January 26.—The withdrawal of the United States troops from Mexico does not forecast any radical change in the policy of this country toward Mexico, according to officials today. Secretary Lansing said that the policy outlined many months ago in President Wilson's "Mobile speech" is unchanged.

It immediately reaped by Hawaiian planters.

With the announcement of the plans yesterday, Mr. Rolph stated that work would begin at once.

"I called to San Francisco today to start work," said Mr. Rolph, "and there will be no delay. The enlargement that will be done is part of work planned as far back as 1913. At that time the plans were drawn up for ultimate expansion of the Crockett refinery to a capacity of two thousand tons a day."

"All improvement work since 1913 on the refinery buildings or machinery have been looking toward this ultimate end of a capacity of two thousand tons. Therefore no time will be lost now in preparing plans as the enlargements will fit in with the present plant."

"The new construction will consist of buildings, machinery and warehouses."

Will Market In West
The plans consist simply in a move toward marketing more Hawaiian sugar through San Francisco instead of New York. It is a legitimate step toward diverting the Hawaiian product through its natural channel of trade."

The expansion plans are pointed out by sugar men as another step in the progress of the local sugar industry to provide for improvement and development during the present period of prosperity to place the business on as firm a basis as possible for the future.

The formal announcement of the Sugar Factors Company, given out yesterday afternoon by Mr. Nowell stated: "At a meeting of the Sugar Factors Company, Ltd., held on January 25, the recommendations of George M. Rolph, general manager of the California and Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company, for the enlargement of the sugar refinery at Crockett, California, were approved."

"It was recommended by Mr. Rolph that the capacity of the refinery be increased from nine hundred tons to one thousand three hundred tons of sugar per day. It is estimated that it will take two years to complete this improvement, and that the cost will be approximately \$2,500,000."

done what they could, Yee remained clad in his striped garments. He was crouching when Sheriff Jarrett approached the cell. He arose at a word of command, and listened almost motionlessly to the double reading of the warrant in English by the Sheriff and in Korean by Detective John Woo. Only a flicker of the eye and a slight shift of the eyebrow indicated that he had heard the name of Chee Won Yee, for the murder of whom he was convicted.

Again Denies Guilt

This reading came just after the bells of the prison had struck eight. When Sheriff Jarrett asked him whether he had anything to say Yee spoke long. "This, he understood, was a civilized country; its laws were the best in the world but, he was being done to death for a murder he did not commit, he said. Men had attempted to poison him, but he did not eat the food. He had been shot. Prisoners had tried to drive nails into his head. Why, then, was he to be hanged? And in his prayers before he had spoken of burglaries, but never of the Chee murder.

Over and over he spoke thus in answer to the reading, until Sheriff Jarrett had to remind him that he had heard the warrant, and so he was left in his cell. The black coat was passed to him: "This is my coat," he said, and prisoners, locked in their cells in the corridor above, listened through the bars. "This is my coat!"

But the most poignant incident, which, under other circumstances, would have been supremely ridiculous, and even yesterday was strangely incongruous, was this. Yee asked for water; when it was taken to him he feared it was poisoned, and refused to drink until the man who served him had tasted it. And he was to be hanged within a few minutes.

Last Half-Hour Ghastr

So it went, for a ghastly half-hour. Finally, four men entered his cell and dressed him and bound his hands. But even then, four against one, and that one crippled, he fought hard and his cries echoed in the silence. Hypodermic injections had to be administered by Dr. R. W. Benz, the physician.

Yee was led, half-carried to the scaffold at eight-thirty-nine o'clock. He broke into speech as he faced the spectators below. "Mansai! Mansai! Mansai!" he shrieked. Mansai is the Korean equivalent of the Japanese "hurray," which, it seemed at first, he was uttering. He said, he prayed, and shut off the black cap for a little space by saying: "Byemby! Byemby!"

His words continued to come through the black cap. He was in collapse, or near collapse, when the electric but-tons set off the drop.

RULE OF THE TURK IN EUROPE MUST CEASE SAYS BRYCE

Former Ambassador To the United States Declares Sultanate Has No Place in Western Civilization and That He Must Be Driven Out If Such Be Possible

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 27.—For the first time since the peace proposals have been under discussion Lord Bryce, former ambassador to the United States, yesterday stated some of his views on the situation and strongly justified the demand of the Entente powers that the peace of Europe demands the complete expulsion of the Turks from Europe.

The statement of Lord Bryce was in the form of advance copies of an article which he has written and which will appear in a New York magazine this month. Many of his peace views were formulated, it is said, before the exchange of the peace notes and are startlingly in accord with the final decisions of the Entente powers.

"No one," the article says, "who has seen the political history of the East should be surprised that the Entente has declared the rule of the Turk in Europe must come to an end. Indeed, the change is long overdue and was needed a century ago."

"That the Turk is hopelessly unfit to rule cannot be gainsaid. The history of the Ottoman rule in Europe has been written in blunder and crime. The Turk has no place in western civilization. He is of little use for anything but to fight. Turkish government has always been corrupt, always incapable, always cruel."

"The history of the Turkish government is a record of destruction. They have never created anything that adds to the progress of the human race. At the best the Turks are little better than robbers. Bands encamped in the countries which they have conquered and desolated."

"If the Sultanate is suffered to exist at all as an independent government it should be driven to central and northern Asia Minor where it will be able to do least injury to the world."

**French Cooks Will Have
Less Food To Cook Now**
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, January 26.—France has followed the example of two of her Allies, Britain and Italy, in restricting meals in restaurants, to conserve the food supplies. Bills of fare are now confined to a maximum of nine dishes, including one egg dish, three meat dishes, three vegetables and a desert.

RUSSIA LAUDS WILSON PLANS TO WIN PEACE FOR WORLD

Official Statement Issued Through the Associated Press Correspondent in Petrograd Indicates Willingness To Support Idea

GOVERNMENT SYMPATHIZES WITH PRESIDENT'S IDEALS

Insists That Slav Has Never Insisted Upon Victory That "Would Mean Crushing Of Our Foes;" Wants Freedom Of Seas

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PETROGRAD, January 27.—The first official statement outlining the attitude of the Russian government toward the recent speech of President Wilson, proposing a league of nations to prevent war after the close of the present strife, was made through the representative of the Associated Press here last night.

In its general tone the statement was friendly not alone to the United States and its President, but to the plan advanced by Mr. Wilson. The official statement goes out of its way to make plain the sympathy of the Czar's government with the ideas and the ideals voiced by the President, and makes frequent references to the "wide spread and hearty sympathy" with which the address was received in this country.

WOULD WELCOME PEACE
"Russia would meet with a hearty welcome any move that could and would bring about the much desired peace," says the statement. "This government would welcome even more any plan which would assure the world against a recurrence of the war. Russia in no way was anxious for this conflict and as history shows this government did its best to avoid being dragged into the strife."

"We are therefore the more willing to extend to Mr. Wilson's plan our hearty endorsement. It strikes a note that the Czar's government is perfectly willing to support."

It is pointed out that the Czar was the first of the European rulers to urge the peace tribunal at The Hague and that he has worked for the objects for which that tribunal stood as long as possible.

FREEDOM OF SEAS
He and his ministers, declares the statement, have in the past urged free access to all the seas of all the world, and have frequently taken steps which show that they are willing to support any movement for the reduction of armaments by the nations.

In the statement the assertion is made that His Majesty, the Czar has already outlined the objects for which Russia is now fighting, chief among which is the liberation of all Poles.

The statement also insists that "Russia has never aimed at the crushing of our foes. We have never insisted upon victory in that sense, nor do we so insist at present as does Germany. Germany wishes to dictate peace to us as would a victor in the strife—a thing clearly impossible."

SENATORS' RAILROAD BILL ALMOST READY

Measure Forbids Strikers Trespassing On Company's Property

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, January 26.—Neither strike nor lockouts are forbidden in the bill supplementing the Adamson eight-hour railway bill, which is virtually completed by the senate interstate commerce committee. The bill makes it a criminal offense for a railroad man quitting his position and trespassing on railway property with a view to prevent the operation of trains.